REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved
OMB No. 0704-0188

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden; to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson David Highway Suite 1218, Artificiation VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget Pagestwork Reduction Project (10704-0188). Washington, DC 20503.

Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302,					
1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank)	2. REPORT DATE	3. REPORT TYPE AN	TYPE AND DATES COVERED		
		FINAL REPORT	01 Dec 91 - 30 Nov 95		
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE			5. FUNDING NUMBERS		
Electromagnetic Wave Pro Magnetoplasmas	gation and Attenuar	tion in			
6. AUTHOR(S)	·//				
Professor Min-Chang Lee			61102F 2301/ES		
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME	(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)				
Massachusetts Institute	AFOSR-TR-96				
Plasma Fusion Center					
Cambridge, Massachusetts	3 02139-4294				
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY	NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)		10. SPONSORING/MONITORING		
AFOSR/NE			AGENCY REPORT NUMBER		
110 Duncan Avenue Suite	B115				
Bolling AFB DC 20332-0001			F49620-92-J-0103		
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES					
12a. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY STAT	EMENT		12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE		
ADDROVED DOD DUDI IS DELL	AGE. DISTRIBUTION 1	INI TMITED			
APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELI	SASE: DISTRIBUTION	OMPTHITED			
13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words)					
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The AFOSR grant has been used to support primarily a Ph.D student, Daniel T. Moriarty for research on EM wave propagation and interaction with the magnetized plasmas generated in the Versatile Toroidal Facility (VTF). The VTF has been used to investigate ionospheric plasma turbulence and cross-checking the plasma heating experiments at Arecibo, Puerto Rico. We have successfully reproduced our Arecibo experimental resuults with VTF. We have developed a theory to explain the generation of frequency upshifted plasma modes.

19960320 079						
14. SUBJECT TERMS	10000	050 010 -	15. NUMBER OF PAGES			
			16. PRICE CODE			
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT	18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE	19. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF ABSTRACT	20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT			
UNCLASSIFIED	UNCLASSIFIED	UNCLASSIFIED				



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To:

Dr. Robert J. Barker, Air Force Office of Scientific Research

From: Prof. Min-Chang Lee

Date: February 8, 1996

Subject: Final Report on "EM Wave Propagation & Attenuation in Magnetoplasmas"

(F49620-92-J-0103)

The AFOSR grant F49629-92-J-0103 had been used to support primarily a Ph.D. student, Daniel T. Moriarty for research on EM wave propagation and interaction with the magnetized plasmas generated in the Versatile Toroidal Facility (VTF). This grant together with in-house funds from MIT has made the operation of VTF possible to support several graduate students (including Dan Moriarty) and UROP (Undergraduate Research Opportunity Program) students for thesis research.

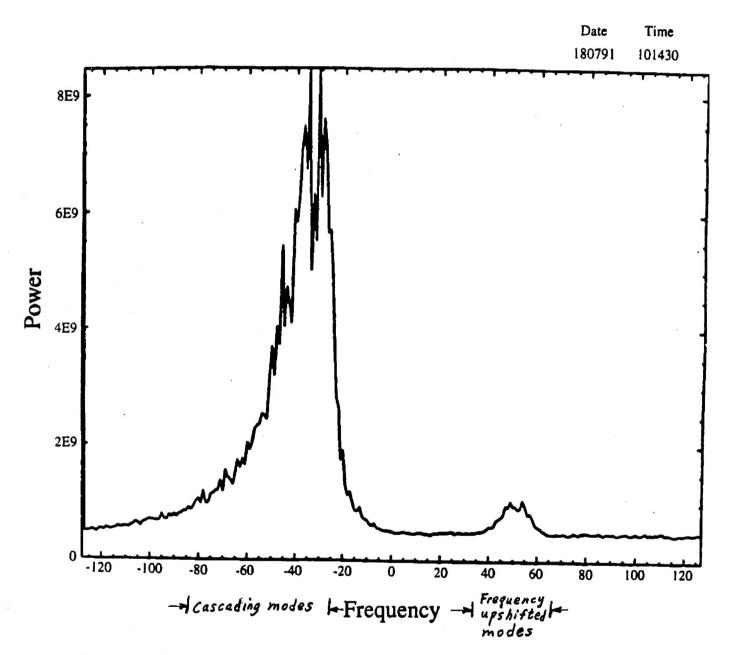
Dan Moriarty plans to finish his Ph.D. Dissertation in late May, and he expects to graduate this June. After this AFOSR grant expired on November 30, 1995, he has been supported by other funds arranged at the Institute. A copy of his Dissertation will be submitted to the AFOSR as a supplemental report when it becomes available.

The VTF has been used to investigate ionospheric plasma turbulence (and effects on radio waves, the so-called plasma cloaking) and cross-checking the plasma heating experiments at Arecibo, Puerto Rico. The first three attached figures are the radarmeasured spectra of RF-excited Langmuir waves at Arecibo. These spectra of Langmuir waves were generated by RF pump waves at the frequencies of 5.1 MHz, 7.4 MHz, and 8.175 MHz, respectively. All spectra exhibit similar features, namely, they have cascading and frequency-upshifted modes. The fourth figure is the spectrum of excited Langmuir

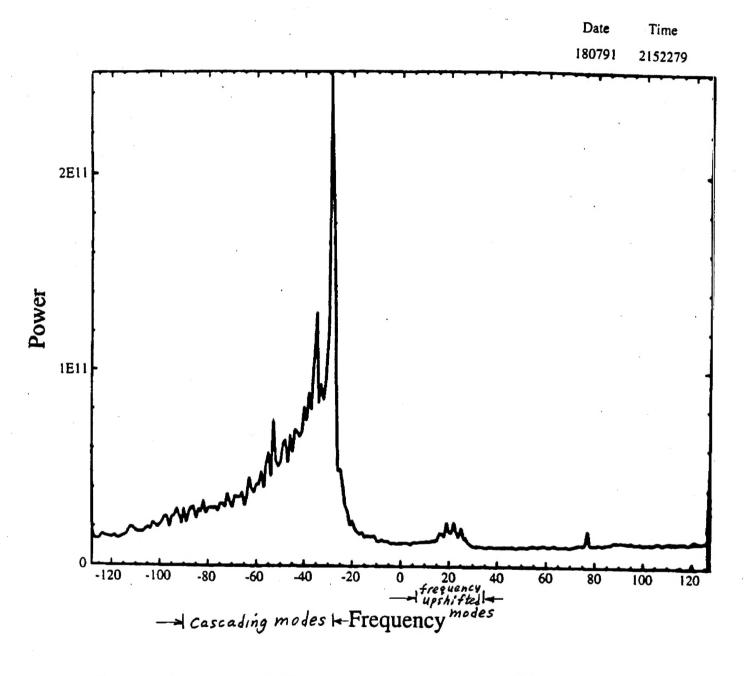
waves recorded in recent VTF experiments. We have successfully reproduced our Arecibo experimental results with VTF.

We have developed a theory to explain the generation of these frequency upshifted plasma modes. These results and other VTF experiments will be reported at the 23rd IEEE International Conference on Plasma Science to be held in Boston this June. Several papers will be submitted for publication in journals subsequently. Reprints of these papers will also be submitted to AFOSR later as suplementals to this final report.

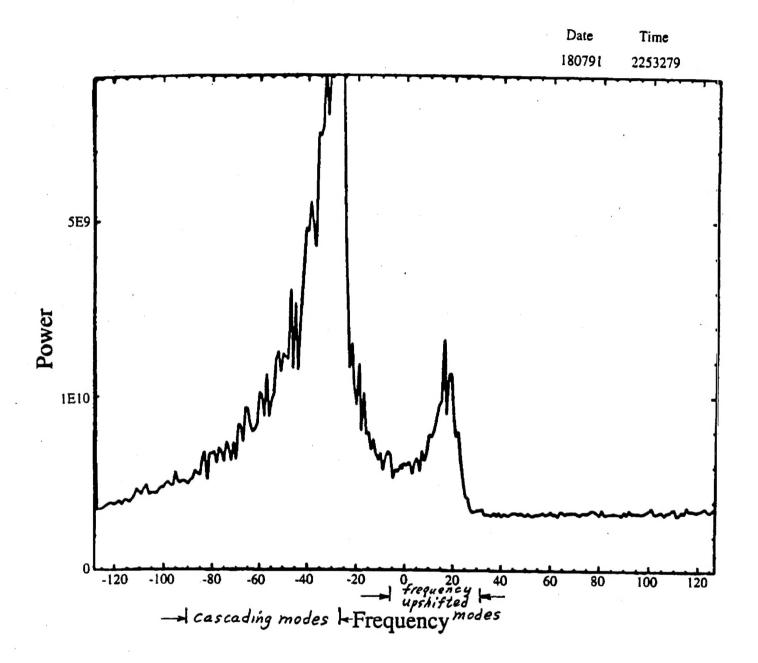
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Radar-Measured Spectra of Langmuir Waves Excited by RF Pump Wave at 5.1 MHz (18 July 91)



Radar-Measured Spectra of Langmuir Waves Excited by RF Pump Wave at 7.4 MHz (18 July 91)



Radar-Measured Spectra of Langmuir Waves Excited by RF Pump Wave at 8.175 MHz (18 July 91)

VTF Experiments (Dec. 21, 1995)

